MONTREAL'S GRAIN TRADE.

A ROUTE TO ESCAPE BUFFALO ELEVATOR TOLLS.

Vessels Travelling That Path Carry 80,000 Bushels-1,000-Ton Barge Will Hold but 33,000-Each Ton a Tax of 78 Cents-Where's CompetitiontoCome In?

President Alexander McFee of the Montreal Board of Trade, in an interview in the Toronto Giobe a few days ago, told of the increasing commerce of the port of Montreal. What he said was taken up by the advocates of a 1,000-ton barge canal as an argument for the building of a waterway of that size, even at a cost of \$101,000,000. The whole point of the interview was that export grain was finding its way to the seaboard by the St. Lawrence route because it was cheaper.

"In addition to the abolition of the cana? tolls," said Mr. McFee, "there is another important factor which is highly material to the development of the St. Lawrence route, and that is the increasing capacity of the vessels employed in the transportation of grain from the Great Lakes through the canal system. Vessels are being introduced on this route which can carry between 70,000 and 80,000 bushels of grain. The steamer Melville, now in port, brought cown a cargo of 77,000 bushels."

This was reprinted by the Evening Post This was reprinted by the breakly rotal to workers in the decome settlement are a reason why New York should votel dents who intend to become settlement workers. Among these courses will be one \$101,000,000 for a 1,000-ton barge canal. Members of the Canal Association of Greater New York wrote letters to THE SUN declaring that the situation demanded a 1,000-ton barge canal to compete with the Canadian route.

Grain borne east by the St. Lawrence route travels the same course down from the upper lakes into Lake Erie. Then, by way of the Welland Canal, it is carried into Lake Ontario, getting around the Falls of Niagara, and from Lake Ontario passes through the St. Lawrence to Montreal. There is no trans-shipment of cargo between the shipping port, Duluth or Chicago, and

The vessels which carry this grain can hold 70,000 to 80,000 bushels of grain, according to Mr. McFee. They pay no toll to an elevator pool at Buffalo and so escape the levy of 78 cents a ton made by the transfer corporations on all grain which is brought to New York over the Erie Canal. Will the 1,000-ton barge canal change this situation? Not at all. Bulk must be broken at Buffalo and again at New York. The traffic of the canal cannot escape these pirates of the termini."
What Mr. McFee said might well be quoted

What Mr. McFee said might well be quoted as an argument for a ship canal across New York State to carry vessels of large tonnage. The 1,000-ton barge (which, by the way, now figures to carry less than 900 tons cargo) will carry, at the most, 3,000 bushels of wheat. Can it pay ton of 78 cents a ton to the elevator pool and compete with a Canadian route which accommodates vessels capable of a cargo of 80,000 bushels? If the St. Lawrence route can attract the export grain now, how can the barge canal, completed ten years hence for vessels less than half the capacity of those on the St. Lawrence route, hope to recover that trade? recover that trade?

Meanwhile private capital is projecting

a Canalian waterway which can be con-structed for \$70,000,000 and which will be a twenty-two-foot waterway. This is the Montreal, Ottawa and Georgian Bay Canal. It provides the shortest route and an all-water route from the farthest shores of the Great Lakes, to whose borders the products of the grain-producing States are brought to the Atlantic seaboard. The route is through the French River and the Nicks in the terms of the seaboard. Lake Nipissing to the Ottawa River and down that stream to tidewater at Montreal. By this route the distance from Chicago or Duluth to Montreal will be no greater than the sailing distance through the Lakes from the same ports to Buffalo. There are only short stretches of excavated Duluth to Buffalo, making a difference cost between the two routes of the carrying cost from alongside elevator in Buffalo to

New York. this plan the report of the United

8,000 tons cargo. How will the 1,000-ton barge compete with that?
All this argument on the side of the canal aims at a larger part of the export grain trade. Another newspaper advocate of the barge canal says that what is saved by the establishment of a lower rate goes into the pockets of the farmers who raise the stuff. That means a profit for the Western

If a barge canal were able to divert the whole of Montreal's export grain trade to New York would the achievement be

Up to to-day the estimated exports of grain by the Canadian routes this season, according to the chairman of the canal campaign, are 378.787 tons. Suppose on the whole season they amount to 1,000,000 tons; wouldn't \$8 a ton be a high subsidy

benefit from this new commerce? any material benefit for any one outside of the special interests concerned in the handling and exportation of grain?
The New York Journal disposes of an obstinate argument against the barge canol, the necessity for transchipment at Buffelo,

"Human ingenuity will easily Meanwhile the Odell machine will take

THRONG LISTENS FOLK. St. Louis Prosecutor Talks on Civic Corruption at Palmyra, Mo.

PALMYRA, Mo., Aug. 15 .- Joseph Wingate Folk, Circuit Attorney of St. Louis, was the principal attraction at the Confederate reunion here to-day, and delivered an address on "Good Government." For miles around people came to hear him, and they will go home again entirely satisfied with this fighter of municipal vice.

Mr. Folk, in his address, referred to the gallant fight made by the Confederate soldiers, who, though they had taken up a hopeless cause, fought on, none the less valiantly. This brought out the old-time Con ederate yell. Then he launched into his subject. He touched on the appalling state of affairs found when the St. Louis investigation was first begun, revealing that the thieves did not swoop down on the city and take it by wholesale, but that trusted ones plundered the city and people who had honored them with honorable positions

year after year.

"The people are responsible for the remedying of civil evils," said Mr. Folk, "for in becoming a member of society each person incurs a certain obligation, the obligation of selecting honest and capable heads to care for municipal mat-

Mr. Folk said there is no politics in corruption, but there is corruption in politics.
"Some think we should not hunt for vice." said Mr. Folk, "but I do not believe in waiting until it becomes so flagrant as to be a stench in the nostrils of decency before

taking action."
At the conclusion of his address Mr. Folk was the centre of a handshaking throng which announced that they were with him in his war against corruption.

Theodore Roosevelt Wants to Enlist. DALLAS, Tex., May 15 -Theodore Roose velt, an Austrian, made application to-day for enlistment in the navy. He disavows any relationship with the President. First Lieut. Gillon telegraphed the Navy De-partment at Washington for special per-mission to enlist Roosevelt, not being a

native-born American, as the rules re-

SCHOOL FOR UPLIFTERS.

Special Courses at Columbia for Settlemen Workers.

The authorities of Columbia University are planning to thrust a bit into the mouth of the rampant sociologist. It is the opinion of many members of the faculties of philosophy and political science that there are too many persons of both sexes whose desires to improve the condition of the "other half" are running wild.

A committee has accordingly been formed to add a new line of work to the curriculum and to pave the way for a more reasonable cooperation between the university and institutions for social betterment, such as the University Settlement, the Educational Alliance, the Hudson Guild and the Young Men's Christian Association. The committee is composed of Prof. Seligman, who acts as chairman; Profs. Giddings, Woodbridge and Felix Adler, Dr. John B. Elliott, president of the Union of Settlement Workers; Dean Gill and Mrs. Herbert Parsons of Barnard, Dr. Canfield, the university librarian; Profs. McMurry and Brown of Teachers' College and the Theological Seminary, and Mr. Richards, the new secretary of Earl Hall.

Prof. Seligman will state in detail, in the September number of the Columbia University Quarterly, the measures which his committee is about to adopt. He says:

"In the first place, the university will offer a number of courses of special value to workers in the settlements and to stuworkers. Among these courses will be one on the great social leaders and thinkers of the past and present. The second course of lectures ought to deal with the current social problems of a great city. A course is proposed on the methods and aims of settlement work. The special need for preparation felt by workers in clubsand manual training classes in the settlements will be met by a series of normal and technical courses designed especially for them.

"It is the intention of the committee to give all these courses at such times and places as may be most convenient to all

places as may be most convenient to all concerned, and to draw lecturers, not only from the teaching force of the university, but also from among the leaders and residents of the settlements and such outsiders as can be expected by virute of their knowledge and their experience to render valuable assistance. It is also hoped that it will be possible to arrange these courses in such a way that some of them at least can be counted by Columbia students toward

their degrees.
"The second chief function of the committee will be to act as a medium of communication between the settlements and the students. It will recommend to the settlements such students as are qualified to enter upon the work. It will supervise the various fellowships and scholarships that are granted in the settlements, so far as the incumbents desire or are obligated to pursue their studies at Columbia, and it will endeavor to increase the number of such fellows and scholars. It will or-ganize the student body and arrange for ganize the student body and arrange for stated meetings between them and the representatives of the settlements."

BULLET IN LIPPMAN'S HEAD. Sister Hears He Was Murdered in Honduras -A Contradiction.

Conflicting stories have been received from Honduras regarding the death near Port Tela of Martin Lippman of this city Miss Julia Lippman of 17 East Ninetyfifth street, sister of the dead man, who returned recently from a visit to him, is more convinced than ever that he was murdered, as was stated in the despatches

a few days ago.

Miss Lippman has received a letter from Phillip S. Elitott, United States consular agent at Tela, telling of the finding of the body. He seems positive that Lippman was the victim of foul play.

Elliott writes that when Lippman was missed, a searching party started at midnight to find him. On account of darkness, however, the search was abandoned until

Lippman's body was found not far from channel—thirty-two miles in an The rest is open lake and river navigation. By that route grain can be carried from Duluth to Montreal at about the same cost as from the back of the dead man's head was a hole made by a .38-calibre bullet. Apparatus of the same by a .38-calibre bullet. Apparatus of the same by a .38-calibre bullet. ently robbery was not the motiv erime, for Lippman's gold watch and money were still in his pockets. An unfinished letter to his sister in this city was also

The body was buried at Tela and cannot

"It is the shortest through route between terminals."

The Canadian caral can carry ships of 8,000 tons cargo. How will the 1,000-ton barge compete with that?

All this argument on the side of the canal says that he was one of those who found the says that he was one of those who found Lippman's body and that the only wound was at the throat. It looked as if it had been made by a rat or some other animal. There was no blood on the body. He expresses the opinion that the cause of death

was apoplexy.

Miss Lippman, who notified the State
Department at Washington of her brother's
death, has received a letter from acting Secretary Loomis, who says that the country's representative in Honduras will be instructed to make an immediate investi-Two arrests have already been

Martin Lippman was 54 years old. He in the fruit raising business.

WON'T TAKE PARKS'S ORDERS, Pittsburg Iron Workers Don't See Why They Should Strike.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 15 .- Sam Parks of New York has threatened to call all the structural iron workers of the country out on a sympathy strike. Secretary Bennett of the local union said:

"I am expecting orders for our men to go on a sympathy strike. As the fight in New York is between the housesmiths and the Iron League and as none of the concerns with which we have agreements are mem-bers of the league, I do not see why we should be dragged into it. Our men will raise \$810 to-morrow afternoon, each member having assessed himself 50 cents voluntarily to aid the strikers in New York."

Westinghouse Gets a Big Canadian Contract PITTSBURG, Aug. 15 .- The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company has secured the contract from the Peterborough (Canada) Hydraulic Power Company build an immense plant on the Otonabee River. The energy will be used by the Peterborough Mills and the American Cereal Company. The contract was secured in spite of the fact that 20 per cent. duty must be paid the Dominion Government.

The Weather.

Fair weather continued over the greater part : he country yesterday; showers and thunder storm. Virginia, Gorgia and the Carolinas on the coast of Texas and in Kansas, Iowa, Minne

sota, Wisconsin and Illinois.

The showers in the central States were due to the formation of an area of low pressure over lowa, noving northeastward with increasing energy The pressure was high over the Lake regions, Middle Atlantic and New England States, keeping the weather cool and comfortable. The tempera the Allegheny Mountains.

In this city the day was fair and slightly warmer the humidity averaged 61 per cent.: wind fresh northerly, shifting to southerly; barometer, cor rected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.13; S P. M.

official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table 9 A. M. 63 64 6 P. M. 77 12 M. 70 70 13 P. M. 77 77 12 Mid. 68 88

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW For eastern New York and New Jersey, partly oudy to-day, probably showers; fair to-me

For the District of Columbia, Maryland and astern Pennsylvania, partly cloudy to-day, probably showers; fair and warmer to-morrow, fresh east to southeast winds. For New England, generally fair to-day and to wariable winds, mostly light south.

For western new York, showers to day: fair

o-morrow light o fresh east winds.

CASHIER COWART OF RED BANK

HELD FOR GRAND JURY

ARREST OF A JERSEY BANKER.

charged With Embezzling \$40,000 From the Navestok National Bank-Was Bonded in \$20,000-Gives \$10,000 Ball-There May Be More Prosecutions

RED BANK, N. J., Aug. 15 .- The sensation caused last night by the closing of the Navesink bank was as nothing compared with the announcement this afternoon that Enoch L. Cowart, the cashier, had been arrested for embezzlement. The amount he is alleged to have embezzled is \$10,000.

There were ugly rumors yesterday concerning a defalcation, but the special examiner, W. A. Mason, in his statement to the newspapers last night did not incriminate any one. It is said that yesterday Mr. Cowart told the examiner that he would answer any immediate call that might be made for him.

Mr. Cowart's residence is at Asbury Park. To-day Mr. Mason notified the cashier that he was wanted, and when he arrived in town he was arrested by United States Marshal Garside and taken before United States Commissioner Frank P. McDermott. Mr. Cowart waived a hearing and was required to furnish a \$10,000 bond for his

apparance before the United States Grand Jury. His bondsmen are Samuel C Cowart of Freehold, his brother; T. A. Beringer, E. C. Van Cleaf and John F. Hawkins of Asbury Park. When asked what statement he had to make, Mr. Cowart refrerred to Edmund Wilson, his attorney. Mr. Wilson would give no information. Mr. Cowart left on an evening train for Asbury Park.

The bank examiner made no statement to-night, and the facts relating to the alleged embezzlement are unobtainable. The amount said to have been taken corresponds with the discrepancy between the individual and general ledgers of the

Mr. Cowart has always been considered Mr. Cowart has always been considered an upright and honorable man. He was one of the organizers of the Navesink National Bunk, having previously been employed in the Second National Bunk of Red Bank. He has been cashier of the Navesink National Bunk ever since its organization. He is a prominent member of the Monmouth Boat Club and has always mingled in the best society of the community. He has a wife and three children, who are at Asbury Park.

Who are at Asbury Fark.
Yesterday after the rumors were circulated that the bank was in straits there was a run on the institution and about \$30,000 was withdrawn. To-day the First and Second National banks took the checks of the defunct bank to the makers of the checks. checks for redemption. Some business houses which deposited in the bank were handleapped to-day on account of their money being tied up. It is not known whether the depositors will be paid in full, but there is considerable hopefulness in town over the outlook.

This morning a farmer drove many miles to Red Bank to secure a sum of money from the bank to pay off a small mortgage, and he was nearly heart-broken when he discovered the state of affairs.

Cowart was bonded in the American Surety Company in the sum of \$20,000. It was reported to right that the monitory of \$20,000.

was reported to-night that the receiver discovered in the cellar of the bank a number of loose sheets from the cashier's ledger which the cashier acknowledged having torn from the book. The sheets contained lists of large deposits. T cashier exonerates the other officials the bank. The embezzlements, it is said. cover a period of about ten years.

Washington, Aug. 15.—It is more than

probable that one or more officers of the Navesink National Bank of Red Bank, N. J., will be prosecuted for criminal violation

The acting Comptroller has said that the report of the condition of the bank made by its officers to the Comptroller in June was falsified. It will be the duty of the bank examiner now in charge of the bank as temporary receiver to notify the District Attorney of any violations of the law, and prosecutions will probably follow.

Four Go Down Because of a Defaication--Head of Another Missing.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 15 .- The alleged embezzlement of \$45,000 of the funds of the Commercial Banking Company, for which E. E. Johnson, a trusted clerk of the bank, is under arrest, has brought about the failure of the Merchants' Bank of Duluth, which elosed its doors after yesterday's business. President Smith, in a statement issued late yesterday, said that the failure was due to a run on the bank resulting from the closing of the Commercial Banking Company's institution. He said that he could not anticipate the extent of the withdrawals, and closed to protect all depositors as much as possible. This is the fourth bank to suspend business as a result of the alleged em-

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 15.—George S. Brainerd, head of the G. S. Brainerd Lumber Company of Minneapolis, and with his B. A. Brainerd, owner of the Farmers and Merchants Bank at Montgomery n this State, has been missing for several days under circumstances which are the cause of much anxiety and alarm among his friends. The bank at Montgomery is his friends. The bank at Montgomery is closed, with B. S. Brainerd, who is cashier, out of the city, and it is feared that it will not be able to open again. The deposits have been running from \$50,000 to \$60,000, and the liabilities are estimated at \$150,000.

and the habilities are estimated at \$150,000.
Cashier Brainerd, who is also interested in the lumber company, is in Minneapelis assisting in the search for his missing brother, but the greatest energy upon the part of himself and others has failed to develop any important information.

THREE KILLED IN A WRECK. Freight Trains in Collision Through a Mistake in Signals.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 15 .- Through a mistake in the signals, one of the worst freight wrecks that have occurred here for years took place early this morning on the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad about half a mile above Radnor station. Three men were killed and half a dozen others injured. Scores of freight cars were on the tracks and a ninety-ton locomotive was completely demolished.

About 2 o'clock this morning a broken axle on a car of a westbound freight halted that train near the water tank between Radnor and St. Davids. Shortly afterward an eastbound freight approached and was stopped near the spot. The two trains had not been standing long when another fleavy eastbound freight drawn by one of the big ninety-ten locomotives came speeding toward them. The big train hit those standing in its way at almost full speed. The engineer, seeing that a crash was

inevitable, reversed his lever and he and the fireman leaped from the cab. Both were injured by their fall. On the last train were only two bex cars and on one of these a brakeran was sitting. He was thrown off under the wheels of the cars and killed. Two tramps who were stealing a ride on the train were also killed. On the forward train many of the crew were also badly injured and were hurried badly injured and were hurried to hospitals in the city.

Peorla to Enforce an Old Curfew Law. PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 15 .- Mayor Woodruff has decided to enforce the curfew ordinance which has been on the books of Peoria for fifty years. Beginning Monday, all children under 18 must be off the street

by 9 o'clock in the evening. Many parents petitioned Mr. Woodruff to enforce the law. JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN. The children's playgrounds in the new De Witt Clinton Park were officially opened yesterday

G. H. MUMM & Co.'s

Extra Dry.

Importations for seven months ending July 31,

75,838 CASES.

Being Greater than the Importations of any other brand.

The Extra Dry of the superb 1898 Vintage now

arriving is conceded to be the choicest

Champagne produced this decade.

L. V. BELL FAVORS HERMIS. Would Back Him for \$50,000 to Beat Irish Lad-Odom's Contract Binding.

SARATOGA, Aug. 15 .- After the race tolay Louis V. Bell, from whom Edward R. Thomas bought Hermis for \$60,000, said: "If the race for the Saratoga Champion Stakes could be run over to-morrow under the same conditions, with Rice riding Hermis, instead of Odom, I'd bet \$50,000 Hermis would beat Irish Lad, each colt carrying weight for age, as he did to-day. Rice knows Hermis and likes him and Hermis

likes Rice. "As soon as Odom struck the colt the first blow with the whip at the head of the stretch, Hermis stopped. He will do the best he knows how without punishment. He needs hand and heel riding only. I believe he is to-day the fastest horse in the country with the possible exception of Waterboy."

Ocom again rebelled against the Thomas Odom again rebelled against the Inomas-shields combination to-day. He insisted that his contract to give Shields second call on his services did not include the rid-ing of the horses of the combination. Thomas & Shields's Duke of Kendal was entered in the first race and Odom was posted as the jockey. He refused to ride and Duke of Kendal was scratched. After the race, Shields's contract with Odom was submitted to the sewards.

Odom was submitted to the s.ewards, a d they ruled that the boy must ride for he combined stables. Therefore has the combined stables. Therefore his arrangement with J. W. Rogers had Whitney trainer, to ride trush Lad in the champion.

trainer, to ride trish Irid in the champion, made two weeks are, hard to be cancelled, and Re. Isrn had he mount.

The Chicago crowd went down on Savable heavy in the Champion, Charlie Gates betting \$5,000 on the Drake colt. George Wheellock bet \$5,000 on Hermis in that race, while quality's money, to the amount of over \$29,000 was placed on Irish Lad. But the swell winning of the day was made over \$20,000 was placed on Irish Lad. But the swell winning of the day was made by William H. Taylor, a graduate of Harvard and a cross-country rider from Boston.

He won \$17,500 on Monte Carlo in the first race and at the end of the fifth race he was \$37,500 winner. He lost \$7,500 on the last race, making his total winnings for the day \$30,000. Dr. J. Grant Lyman, who says he has retired from the turf, also made a handsome winning on Monte Carlo, whom he used to own, but who now runs in the he used to own, but who now runs in the name of his brother-in-law, G. M. Brown.

HORSE FRIGHTENED BY AUTO. entractor Dennenblito Thrown From

His Wagon and Injured. POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 15 .- Joseph Dennen bitto, a New York contractor, who is in charge of the work of building the Italian Garden at Capt. Zabriski's, at Annandale, was badly injured at Tivoli this evening through his horse becoming frightened

at an automobile. His left leg was broken, his ankle sprained and it is feared that he suffered internal In the machine were Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Van Blarcom and Mr. and Mrs. Whitfield

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- These army orders have ceen Issued:
Capt. Charles W. Abbott, Jr., Twelfth Infantry, o Washington Barracks for treatment.
Capt. William C. Wren, Seventeenth Infantry, to Cancouver Barracks and assume charge of contraction work in addition to his duties at Fort een issued:

Vright. First Lieut. George B. Pond, Third Infantry, letailed as recorder of examining board at Fort thomas, vice First Lieut. Allen Smith, Jr., Third nfantry. Infantry.

The following examining board is appointed at Fort Sheridan: Col. William S. McCaskey Twentleth Infantry; Major William T. Wood, Twentleth Infantry; Major James S. Rogers, Twentleth Infantry: First Lieut. Arthur M. Whaley, Assistant Sirgeon: First Lieut. John L. De Witt, Twentleth Infantry.

Charles W. Penrose, Twenty-eighth In to Fort Sheridan for examination for natry, to Fort Sheridan for examination for romotion.

The following transfers are made: Major George;
Hunter, Fifteenth Cavalry, to Sixth Cavalry;
fajor John C. Gresham, Sixth Cavalry, to Fif-seenth Cavalry; Contract Surgeon Allen J. Black,
onlis home and report for annulment of contract;
fajor Louis Brechemin, Surgeon, to Ortenance Baracks, Montercy, Cal., to relieve Capt. Faul F.
traub, A. sistant Surgeon, who will proceed to
fort Leavenworth.

Capt. Charles B. Wheeler, Ordnance Depart capt, to the Watertown Arsenal, on business perment, to the Watertown Arsenal, on business pertaining to manufacture of ordnance material. The following named officers are assigned as members of board for testing rifled cannon: Major Frank Heath, Orlnance Department vice Brig.-Gen. Joseph P. Farley; Major Daniel M. Taylor. Ordnance Department, vice Brig.-Gen. James W. Reilly; Major George L. Anderson, Artillery Corps, vice Lieut.-Col. John G. Butler, Ordnance Department.

First Lieuts. Jesse C. Nicholis, Fred H. Gallup, Ciltion C. Carter, Francis N. Cooke, Stanley D. Emblick, Robert F. McMillan, Godwin Ordway and Charles E. Kilbourne, Jr., Artillery Corps, to John companies to which they are assigned or attached Oct. 5.

Oct. 5.
First Lieut. Oliver L. Spaulding, Jr., Artillery
Sorps., to Fort H. G. Wright.
First Lieut. Levert Coleman, Artillery Corps.,
o sail Sept. 30 for the Philippines to join his com-

Capt. Henry H. Whitney, Artillery Corps. as signed to Fourteeath Company, Coast Artillery, Capt. Richmond McA. Schodeld, Quartermaster, to assume charge quartermaster's construction work at Fort Snelling, relieving Lieut.-Col. George

First Lieut. William P. Kitts, Twenty-first In-First Lieut. William P. Kitts, Twenty-first In-fantry, Quartermaster at Fort Lincola, will assume charge of Quartermaster's construction work at that post, relieving Lieut. Col. George E. Pond. Capts. Robert B. C. Kelton, Winfred B. Carr and Henry J. Hatch, Artillery Corps, to Join their com-panies Oct. 5. Second Lieut. Gad Morgan, Fifteenth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth for examination for promo-tion.

ion.

Major William A. Nichels, Twenty first Infantry letalled to all vacancy in Inspector General's De

The following navy orders have been issued:

Commander G. P. Reger, detached any war gable.

Commander C. P. Reger, detached any charge of naval recruiting station, Baltimere, to navy yard, League Island, as captain of the yard.

Commander H. McCrea, detached from command of Machias, to home and wait orders.

Commander G. W. Mentz, detached insval war coilege, Narraganest Bay, to command the Monongahelis.

ganels.
Commander C. P. Reese, detached command of Monongahela, to home and wait orders.
Commander C. K. Curtis, detached navy yard.
Norfolk, to command the Alliance.
Lieutenart Commander B. O. Scott, detached duty at Cramp & Sons' works, to command Machias.
Lieutenant-Commander F. S. Carter, to navy yard, Pensacola.
Lieut. L. R. Sargent, additional duty to command Goethals, Irons, Macomb, Beach and Reter;
Goethals, Irons, Macomb, Beach and Reter;

Horner's Furniture.

VISITORS TO NEW YORK are cordially invited to inspect our matchless stock and values. Eight spacious floors filled with the latest and choicest productions of the Furniture and Upholstery Arts, including hundreds of Imported Novelties selected in the London, Paris and Vienna markets. The most complete stock of reliable and fashionable Furniture to be seen in any one establishment, with everything marked at specially attractive prices.

R. J. HORNER @ CO. Furniture Makers and Importers, 61, 63, 65 W. 23d Street

YOUNG CHIEF OF STAFF. Relations of General Staff to President and Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- The historic office of General Commanding the Army is now a thing of the past. The army to-day passed under the control of a large body of officers of high rank known as the General Staff Corps, with Lieut -Gen. S. B. M. Young at the head as Chief of Staff, and Major-Gen. Henry C. Corbin as Adjutant-General and Assistant Chief of Staff.

Gen. Young issued an order early this morning relinquishing the office of General Commanding the Army, which he held for one week after the retirement of Gen Miles, and at the same time announced that he had assumed the duties of Chief of

An order making certain details of officers was issued. This provides, in addition to naming the Assistant Chief of Staff, that the Army War College shall be governed by a board of directors selected from the General Staff.

Under the regulations issued by Secretary Root for the control of the General Staff Corps, the Chief of Staff becomes an intermediary between the special staff corps and departments and the Secretary of War Under these regulations he may act as Secretary of War, and to him is assigned the duty of supervising the troops of the line and all special staff corps and depart-ments. The line and the staff corps will go to the Chief of Staff, instead of the Secretary of War, and in that way the corps will

exercise certain executive duties. An important section of the order issued the following:

Under the act of Feb. 14, 1903, the nand of the Army of the United States ith the constitutional Commander in 1 with the constitutional commander-in-Chief, the President. The President will place parts of the army and separate armies, when-ever constituted, under commanders subordi-nate to his general command; and in case of exigency seeming to him to require it of exigency seeming to him to require it he may place the whole army under a single commander subordinate to him. But in time of peace, and under ordinary condi-tions, the administration and control of the army are effected without any second in

President's command is exercised

army are effected without any second in command.

The President's command is exercised through the Secretary of War and the Chief of Staff. The Secretary of War is charged with carrying out the policies of the President in military affairs. He directly represents the President and is bound always to act in conformity to the President's instructions. Under the law and the decisions of the Supreme Court his acts are the President's acts, and his directions and orders are the President's directions and orders are the President's directions and orders are the President's directions and orders given in behalf of the President and gives effect thereto in the manner hereinafter provided.

Exceptions to this ordinary course of administration may, however, he made at any time by special direction of the President; if he sees fit to call upon the Chief of Staff to give information or advice or receive instructions directly.

Wherever, in these regulations, action by the President is referred to, the action of the President through the Secretary of War is included, and wherever the action of the President through the Secretary of the Secretary of the President and under his directions.

The Chief of Staff is detailed by the President from the officers of the army at large, not below the grade of Brigadier-General. The successful performance of the duties of the position requires what the title denotes—a relation of absolute confidence and personal accord and sympathy between the Chief of Staff and the President, and necessarily also between the Chief of Staff and the President, and necessarily also between the Chief of Staff and the President, and necessarily also between the Chief of Staff and the President, and necessarily also between the Chief of Staff consider that he can no longer sustain toward the of the President by whom the detail is made and if at any time the Chief of Staff consider hat he can no longer sustain toward the President and the Secretary of War the rela-ions above described, it will be his duty to

apply to be relieved. apply to be reneved.

The order provides that in the absence of the Chief of Staff the senior officer of the staff corps shall serve. Adjt.-Gen. Corbin is next in rank to Gen. Young, and is therefore the Assistant Chief of Staff. This will rot interfere with the performance of his duties as Adjutant-General, and although (ol. Hall is named as acting Adjutant-General he will continue to present all papers coming to him to Gen. Corbin for consid-Gen. Corbin will then discuss with Young such matters as require his at-

FAREWELL DINNER TO ROOT. Given by Officers of the General Staff Corps

at the Country Club. WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- An elaborate farewell dinner was given Secretary Root to-night by the officers of the General Staff Corps at the Country Club. The dining room of the club was decorated with flags and bunting, and over the end of the table, where the Secretary of War sat, was the handsome flag of the Secretary of War.

The following were the guests present:

Secretary Root, Assistant Secretary Sanger, Secretary Wilson, Postmester-General Payne, Secretary Cortelyou, Lieut.-Gen. Young, Major-Gen. Corbin, Major-Gen. Chaffee, Brig -Gens. A. E. Bates, O'Reilly, Humphrey, Gillespie, Hawkins, Carter, Bliss and Randolph; Cols, Barry, Mackenzie, Morris. It is a sargent, additional duty to command of the Leut. R. Sargent, additional duty to command Morris. Capts. Alvord, Dickman, Haio, Muic, Ramsut Lieut. R. N. Marble, detached command of the March, Huan, Rhodes, Reeve and Gallagher; Judge Magoon, Mr. Scofield and Mr. Chance. Mail Orders Receive Immediate Attention.

Paid or Charged Purchases Delivered Free Throughout U. S.

Saks & Company

Invite your examination of their new models of Tailored Suits for Women

Designed for Autumn Wear.

The garments have a marked and distinctive originality and express many ideas in fashioning and finish that are absolutely new. The fabrics include several weaves which receive their initial presentation. The prices are modest.

In addition to the above, Saks & Company announce for Monday, August 17,

A Clearance Sale of Suits & Skirts

At Final Price Reductions.

The fabrics include cotton, linen and other summer materials in a variety of excellent models. The prices have been reduced as follows:

SUITS AND SKIRTS:

Formerly up to \$7.25. Formerly up to \$17.00. Suits, formerly up to \$25.00.

At \$2.95 At \$5.00 At \$12.00

Also a number of Tailored Suits of woollen fabrics, suitable for immediate as well as early autumn wear, the prices of which have been subjected to extreme reductions.

At \$15.00, \$24.50 and \$39.00.

Saks & Company

Announce for Monday, August 17, A Clearance Sale of White Lawn Shirt Waists

of effective models. Several tables will be devoted to their disposition on the main floor. Formerly \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.50.

At 75c.

Elaborated with Lace or Embroidery, in a variety

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

LAND FRAUDS EXTENSIVE. doner Jones Says Inquiry Will Be Long and Tedlous.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.-Commissioner of dian Affairs Jones, in discussing the revelations made by Special Agent Brosious of the Indian Rights Association, with regard to the extensive frauds in the Indian Territory, in which, it is alleged, members of the Dawes Commission and officials of the Department of Justice are involved, made the emphatic statement that it is impossible or any Government official connected with a company dealing in Indian lands to be impartial and fair in his decisions. Mr.

Jones said: "I consider it the height of bad taste for any officer of the Government, and particularly of the Commission, to be connected in any way with any company dealing in Indian lands and titles. From the state-ments made by Special Agent Brosious, I consider that a thorough and exhaustive investigation of the situation is absolutely

"From what I know of the conditions will be a long and tedious inquiry, and the wrong shown may be extensive, as can be seen from the fact that about 20,000,000 acres of land and about 400,000 Indians are under and the officials of the Department of Justice

in the Territory. PHILIPPINE REDEMPTION FUND Will Be Aided by Seignorage Coming From

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- In regard to the purchases of silver for the special Philippine coinage which have been going on for some time, Director of the Mint Roberts said to-day:

"We have bought 9,711,506.96 ounces of bullion, for which we have paid \$5,145,762.52. The Philippine peso contains three and a half more grains than our silver dollar, or an amount of bullion worth slightly less than 42 cents. Its currency value on new 32 to 1 basis will be 50 cents. leaving a margin of profit in the shape of seignorage which will go far toward solving the redemption fund problem, which for so long troubled the Senate financiers.

To Investigate N. Y. Mineral Springs. WASHINGTON, Aug. 15 .- The origin and hemical relations of the various springs of mineral water in the State of New York will be the subject of investigation by F. H. Weeks of the Geological Survey, and his report will be issued as one of a series of water supply papers published by the survey.

STRENGTH IN FOOD Woman's Work Made Easy by Strength

A widow writes: "When I began to use Grape-Nuts I had so much trouble with my stomach and was very nervous and as I make my living by really hard work I needed all the strength possible, for I have wo boys to support.

"I began eating Grape-Nuts simply to try the food, but soon noticed that my trouble was going and my nervousness was much less, so I continued to use Grape-Nuts food, with the result that I am now entirely cured. Grape-Nuts always agreed with me and when I work the hardest it seems to me I enjoy them and need them the most. They satisfy me better and

seem to do me more good than meat. "My younger boy, who inherits a weak constitution from his father, who died of consumption, has been greatly benefited by Grape-Nuts. He makes his breakfast of Grape-Nuts and milk, and the result of this diet has been that his stomach is much stronger and his appetite increased and altogether he is like another boy.

"I notice this about Grape-Nuts that when I eat them and go away to work they seem to stay by me and sustain ne better during the day than anything else I eat." Name given by Postum Co., Battle

Creek. Mich. Send to the Co. for particulars by mail of extension of time on the \$7,500.00 cooks' contest for 735 money prizes. - Adv.

15,000 BARBERS REGISTER. Those Who Won't May Be Fined \$25 or Sent to Jall.

The registration of barbers, which had been going on in this borough and Brooklyn since July 13, ended yesterday. The total registration is nearly 15,000 and all but about 3,000 cards have been distributed. For practising as a barber without registering and getting a card, there is a penalty of \$25 fine or imprisonment for from ten day to three months. State Inspectors are to see

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Washington, Aug. 15 .- The Marcelluhas sailed from Baltimore, for Frenchman's Bay; the Prairie from Boston for Oyster Bay, and the Montgomery and Gloucester from Montevideo for Bahia, via Santos The Pacific squadron, consisting of the New York, Marblehead, Bennington, Conso d and Fortune, has arrived at Bremerton, where the New York is to undergo arrived at Oyster Bay and the Sterling a Rockland. The Dolphin sailed from New port for Oyster Bay.

DRINK TO THE SUCCESS OF

THE BETTER BOAT IN John Jameson Three ** * Star Irish Whiskey

A LOYAL GREETING TO A WORTHY DEED. W. A. Taylor & Co., Agts., 29 B'way, N. Y.

DIED.

BROWN.-At Springfield, Mass., Aug. 15, after a brief Illness, Capt. Austin N. Brown, Four United States Infantry.
Funeral from Springfield armory at 4 P. M. Monday, Aug. 17.

URT.—At Warwick, N. Y., Aug. 13, 1903, Jan-daughter of the late Grinnell and Jane V

Duzer Burt.

Funeral service at Christ Church, Warwick, on Sunday, Aug. 16, at 2:30 P. M. OOLEY .- At Westchester, N. Y., on Aug. 15, 190 James Calvin Cooley, formerly of the I United States Cavalry.
Funeral services will be held at St. Peter's Churc

West Cuester, N. Y., Tuesday, Aug. 18, at 5 P. M. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. train lea-129th st. and Third av. for Westchester GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC, DEPARTME OF NEW YORK .- The members of George ington Post, No. 103, will assemble at St. Petday afternoon, Aug. 18, at a quarter pas-

o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late Co rade James C. Cooley. By order J. Langdon Ward, Commander WARREN M. HEALT, Adjutant UMMER.-On Friday, Aug. 14, 1903, at Rosel N. J., Alice Pearce Dummer, only daugn of Samuel R. and Bessle Pearce Dummer, a grandiaugmer of the late Nathaniel Pea-

of Maryland. Funeral services at St. Joseph's Church, Rose, Monday, Aug. 17, at 10 A. M. Interm PALLAGHER. -At New Brighton, Staten Islan

oh Friday morning, Aug. 14, 1993. Lou. Woodruff, infant daughter of Mr. and M. George Gallagher. Funeral services and interment private. GOTTLIEB.-Died at 2 A. M., Aug. 15, Rose A. Fischer Gottlieb, wife of the late Eman 14 Gottleib, aged 83 years, 10 months. Funeral from her late residence, 76 West 69th at 10 A. M. Monday the 17th. Interme

INSTRUCTION.

private.

Schools of Elecution and Dramatic Art. hand ASPIRANTS COACHED and placed in trade no weeks. Dramatic Athenoum, Professional West and the state of the sta